The London Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, *April* 2, 1762.

Whithall, April 2, 1762.

YEsterday Morning Capt. Ricaut, Aide de Camp to Major General Monckton, arrived here with the following Letter to the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, dated St. Peter's, Island of Martinico, February 27, 1762.

My Lord,

I Had the Honour of writing to your Lordship the 9th Instant from Fort Royal, which went by my Aid de Camp Major Gates, who sailed from thence in His Majesty's Ship Nightingale, on the 10th Instant; a Duplicate of that Letter I now inclose.

Just when I was about to embark for the Reduction of St. Peter's, two Deputies arrived at Fort Royal on the 12th Instant, offering Terms of Capitulation for the whole Island, on the Part of M. Le Vassor Delatouche, the Governor General, on the 13th. They received the Admiral's, and my Answers, to their Proposals, which they carried to St. Peter's; and on the 14th returned with the Capitulation signed. In Consequence of which, I left Fort Royal the 15th, with the Grenadiers of the Army, and the 2d Brigade; and on the following Day took Possession of this large and opulent Town, with all the Posts in the Neighbourhood. The Enemy marched out about 320 Grenadiers, who are embarked, and will sail immediately for France. M. Le Vassor Delatouche, the Governor General, M. Rouille, Lieutenant Governor, and the Staff will shortly follow.

Inclosed I send your Lordship a Copy of the Capitulation for the Island, which we humbly hope will meet with His Majesty's gracious Approbation. Commodore Swanton is now off the Granades with a Squadron of Men of War; and I purpose sending immediately Brigadier General Walsh with the 5th Brigade, and the Corps of Light Infantry under Lieutenant Colonel Scott, in order to reduce that and the other Islands. I have undoubted Intelligence, that the Number of White Men in the Grenades do not exceed 500; and in the other Islands not quite so many.

I should have proceeded upon this Service myself, had I not thought it of more Consequence for His Majesty's Service my remaining here at this critical Time, when, by what we can learn, a Rupture with Spain may be daily expected: And here I am also at Hand to settle many material Affairs relative to the Security of this Conquest.

Indeed, I have good Reason to believe, that Brigadier Walsh will meet with very little Obstruction in his Operations. However, should he not immediately succeed, I shall move that Way with a larger Force, and make no Doubt to compel them to a speedy Surrender.

It was not my Intention to have sent Home an Express until I could have informed your Lordship of the Reduction of the other Islands mentioned in His Majesty's Instructions.—But as this Island is now compleatly reduced to His Majesty's Obedience, I was apprehensive that a Delay, in signifying this interesting Event, might be attended with some bad Consequence at this critical Juncture. I therefore send this by my Aid de Camp Capt. Ricaut, who can inform your Lordship of any Particulars you may desire to know; and I beg Leave to recommend him to your Lordship's Countenance, as a very deserving and good Officer.

As it was necessary for His Majesty's Service, immediately to fill some Civil Employments here, I have accordingly appointed proper Persons to act until His Majesty's Pleasure be known.

Your Lordship has herewith a Return of the Artillery, and Warlike Stores, found in the Town, the Reduit, and the other different Posts.

I have the Honour to be, &c.

Rob. Monckton.

Articles of Capitulation.

Translation.

Preliminary Article.

A Suspension of Arms shall be agreed upon for fifteen Days; at the Expiration of which the following Capitulation shall take Place, if no Succour arrives.

Answers.

Preliminary Article.

Twenty-four Hours will be allowed the General to accede to the Terms offered, from the Time Messrs de Bournan and Delatouche shall be set on Shore at St. Peter's; and, if accepted of, the Troops of His Britannick Majesty shall be immediately put in Possession of such Forts and Posts as His Britannick Majesty's General shall think fit to take.

Article

Article I. All the Forts and Poſts of the Iſland ſhall be evacuated by the Troops of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, whether Regular or Militia, or Independent Companies of Freebooters, or Livery Servants, they ſhall march out with four Field Pieces, their Arms, two Rounds per Man, their Enſigns or Colours flying, Drums beating, and all the Honours of War; after which the ſaid Forts and Poſts ſhall be occupied by the Troops of His Britannick Majeſty.

Article I. The Troops and Inhabitants ſhall march out of all their Garriſons and Poſts with their Arms, Drums beating, Colours flying, and the Troops to have four Pieces of Cannon, with two Rounds each, and two Rounds per Man, upon Condition that the Inhabitants afterwards lay down their Arms; and that all the Forts, Garriſons, Poſts and Batteries of Cannon or Mortars, with all Arms, Ammunition, and Implements of War, ſhall be delivered up to proper Perſons appointed by us to receive them.

Article II. Tranſport Veſſels ſhall be provided at the Expence of His Britannick Majeſty, ſufficiently victualled, to carry to the Granades the abovementioned Regular Troops, and their Officers, and Commanders, with the four Pieces of Cannon, Arms, Baggage, and, in general, all the Effects of the ſaid Officers and Troops.

Article II. Granted, to France only.

Article III. M. Rouillé, Governor of Martinico, the King's Lieutenants of the ſaid Iſland, the Officers of the Staff, Engineers, and Sub-Engineers, ſhall return to France in the Veſſels, and at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty.

Article III. Granted.

Article IV. There ſhall in like Manner be provided, at the Charges of His Britannick Majeſty, a Veſſel, and the neceſſary Victualling, to carry to the Grenades M. le Vaſſor Delatouche, Commandant General for his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty of the French Leeward Iſlands in America, his Lady, and all Perſons with him, engaged in the King's Service, or belonging to his Houſhold, and all their Effects.

Article IV. Granted, to France, the Grenades being blocked up.

Article V. M. de Rochemore, Inſpector of the Fortifications, and Artillery in this Iſland, ſhall, in like Manner, be conveyed to the Granades, in the ſame Ship with the Perſons in his Retinue engaged in the Service of the King, their Domeſticks, and their Effects.

Article V. Granted, to France.

Article VI. There ſhall be made by two Commiſſaries, who ſhall be named for that Purpoſe, one of each Nation, an exact Inventory of all the Effects, which ſhall be found to belong to his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty in the Arſenals, in the Magazines, upon the Batteries, and in general of all Arms, Utenſils and Munitions of War, to be delivered up to the Commanding Officer of His Britannick Majeſty.

Article VI. Granted.

Article VII. Merchandizes, not being Arms nor Munitions of War, which may be found lodged in the ſaid Magazines, or upon the ſaid Batteries, ſhall not be made a Part of the ſaid Inventory, unleſs it be in order to their being reſtored to their true Owners.

Article VII. All Military Stores, and others, employed as ſuch, become His Britannick Majeſty's.

Article VIII. All the Priſoners made during the Siege, or at Sea, before the Siege, of whatever Nation and Quality, ſhall be reſtored on either Side; and thoſe made in the Citadel, if they be Troops, ſhall follow the Fortune of the other Troops; and, if Inhabitants, they ſhall follow the Fortune of the other Inhabitants.

Article VIII. The Troops, according to the Cartel; the Inhabitants will be releaſed upon the ſigning of this Capitulation.

Article IX. The Free Negroes and Mulattoes made Priſoners of War, ſhall be treated as ſuch, and reſtored like the other Priſoners, in order to their continuing to enjoy their Liberty.

Article IX. All Negroes taken in Arms are deemed Slaves. The reſt granted.

Article X. The Sieur Nadau Dutreil, de la Potterie, and Cornette, Priſoners of State, ſhall be likewiſe conducted at the Expence, and in the Ships, of His Britannick Majeſty, to the Iſland of the Grenades, to be delivered into the Hands of M. le Vaſſor Delatouche.

Article X. Meſſieurs de la Potterie, and Cornette, ſhall be delivered up when taken, but M. Nadau having had our Promiſe (immediately upon his being made Priſoner) to procure him a Paſſage to France, and to allow him a reaſonable Time to ſettle his Affairs, he has three Months from the Date hereof for that Purpoſe.

Article XI. The Iſland of Martinico ſhall remain in the Hands of His Britannick Majeſty till ſuch Time as its Condition ſhall have been determined by a Treaty made between the two Powers, without the Inhabitants being compelled, in any Caſe, to take up Arms, either againſt the King of France, or againſt his Allies, or even againſt any other Power.

Article XI. They become Subjects of His Britannick Majeſty, and muſt take the Oath of Allegiance; but ſhall not be obliged to take Arms againſt His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, until a Peace may determine the Fate of the Iſland.

Article XII. All the Inhabitants of Martinico, either preſent or abſent, even thoſe that are engaged in his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Service, as well as all Religious Houſes, and Communities, ſhall be maintained and preſerved in the Poſſeſſion and Property of their real and perſonal Eſtates, of their Negroes, Shipping, and generally of all their Effects, whether the ſaid real and perſonal Eſtates, and Effects, be actually in Martinico, or in any other Iſland; and

the

the Slaves, which have been taken from them, during the Siege, ſhall be reſtored to them.

Article XII. The Inhabitants, as well as the Religious Orders, will enjoy their Properties; and, as they become Britiſh Subjects, they will enjoy the ſame Privileges as in his Majeſty's other Leeward Iſlands.

In regard to the Slaves, anſwered in the 9th Article.

Article XIII. The Boats or other Veſſels of Martinico, which are actually out at Sea, or in Neutral Ports, whether they are equipped for War, or not, ſhall be permitted to return into the Ports or Roads of this Iſland, upon the Declaration to be made by the Owners thereof, of their intending to ſend them immediate Orders to return, and upon their giving perſonal Security, that the ſaid Veſſels ſhall make no Attempt upon any Engliſh Ship: In Conſideration of which Declaration, Paſſports ſhall be granted them, that they may return in all Security.

Article XIII. Refuſed, as foreign to the Capitulation; but any Applications, which may afterwards be made on this Head, ſhall be conſidered according to the Rules of Juſtice, and of War.

Article XIV. The Inhabitants of Martinico ſhall freely and publickly exerciſe their Religion; the Prieſts, Friars, and Nuns, ſhall be maintained in the public Exerciſe of their Functions, and in the Enjoyment of their Privileges, Prerogatives, and Exemptions.

Article XIV. Granted.

Article XV. The Superior, as well as Inferior, Judges, ſhall likewiſe be maintained in their Functions, Privileges, and Prerogatives; they ſhall continue to adminiſter Juſtice to the Inhabitants of this Iſland, according to the Laws, Ordinances, Cuſtoms, and Uſes, which have been followed hitherto: No Foreigner ſhall be allowed to ſit in the Council as a Judge.

But if any Place in the Magiſtracy becomes vacant, the ſuperior Council of Martinico ſhall diſpoſe of it proviſionally only; and the Perſon, choſen by them, ſhall perform the Duties of it, till the one or the other of the two Courts ſhall otherwiſe ſettle it, after that the Condition of Martinico ſhall have been fixed, by a Treaty between them.

Article XV. They become Britiſh Subjects, but ſhall continue to be governed by their preſent Laws, until His Majeſty's Pleaſure be known.

Article XVI. M. Le Baron d'Huart, commanding the Troops, and Militia of this Iſland, as well as M. de Bouran, Major-General, ſhall be conveyed to the Grenades, in the ſame Veſſel, on which the Royal Grenadiers are to be embarked, together with their Domeſticks and Effects, as well as thoſe of all the Officers of the ſame Corps.

The ſaid Officers ſhall have Leave to collect together the Effects which are diſperſed in divers Parts of the Iſland; and the neceſſary Time for the Recovery of them, ſhall be allowed them. Orders ſhall be given to the Inhabitants, that are indebted to the Officers of this Corps, to pay them before their Departure. The Officers ſhall likewiſe be bound to diſcharge the Debts which they have contracted in the Iſland.

Article XVI. They ſhall be ſent to France. The reſt granted.

Article XVII. All the Land and Sea Officers, who find themſelves in the Iſland, either on actual Duty, or with Leave, ſhall have a Year's Time to ſettle all the Affairs they may have there.

Article XVII. A proper Time will be allowed to ſuch as have Eſtates upon the Iſland, with the uſual Reſtrictions; and ſuch as ſhall have M. Delatouche, the Governor General, his Leave.

Article XVIII. The Nobility ſhall continue to enjoy all the Privileges and Exemptions which have always been granted to them.

Article XVIII. Granted; ſo that it is not inconſiſtent with the Britiſh Laws.

Article XIX. The Slaves that have been made free during the Siege, or to whom their Freedom has been promiſed, ſhall be reputed and declared free, and they ſhall peaceably enjoy their State of Freedom.

Article XIX. Granted.

Article XX. The Duties of the Poll-Tax, thoſe of Importation and Exportation, and in general all the Duties eſtabliſhed in this Iſland, ſhall continue to be paid for the future on the ſame Footing as heretofore.

Article XX. Anſwered in the 15th Article.

Article XXI. As it is ſuitable to the Glory and Intereſts of every Prince whatſoever, to make it publickly known, that he honours with a ſpecial Protection, all that bears the Character of Zeal, Love, and Loyalty for its King, it has been agreed, that the Things furniſhed to the Colony on Occaſion of the Siege, either before or during the ſame, ſuch as Proviſions, Utenſils, Ammunition, Arms, or Money, ſhall continue to be conſidered as Debts of the Colony, juſt as they were, and ought to be, in its former State; conſequently, that the Amounts of theſe Supplies ſhall not ceaſe to be reputed as Debts of the Colony itſelf, and which it muſt ſatisfy, into whatſoever Hands it may paſs, through the Fortune of Arms; that conſidering the Nature and Quality of theſe Debts, it is of His Britannick Majeſty's Dignity to grant them all manner of Protection; conſequently, that they ſhall be paid out of the firſt Funds that ſhall ariſe, as well from the Poll-Tax, as from the Duties of Importation and Exportation on Merchandiſes that are liable to them. To which Purpoſe, the State of theſe Debts ſhall be ſettled, and verified by M. Delareviere, Intendant of the American Leeward Iſlands.

Article XXI. Will be ſettled by the Generals on both Sides, being foreign to the Capitulation.

Article XXII. In Virtue of the ſame Principle, and conſidering the Neceſſity of ſpeedily bringing Proviſions into this Colony, it has likewiſe been agreed on, that ſuch Merchants of the Town of St. Pierre,

Pierre, as by Orders from the Intendant, M. Delareviere, have entered into Meaſures and Engagements, to bring over hither Proviſions from the Neutral Iſlands, ſhall be permitted to fulfil their Engagements, as well to ſave them from the Damage they would ſuffer by it, as to procure to this Iſland a more ſpeedy Supply: Conſequently, two Months ſhall be granted them, from the Day of ſigning theſe Preſents, to compleat their Undertakings. But, to avoid all Abuſes in this reſpect, M. Delareviere ſhall give a Note of the Nature and Quantity of Proviſions, which he had ordered to be procured from the Neutrals: And as he had promiſed and granted an Exemption of all Duties on this Importation, the ſaid Exemption ſhall take Place in the ſame Manner as it was promiſed, and as it is actually practiſed; being a Profit in which the Colony and the Merchant have both their Share.

Article XXII. All Supplies whatever, that were engaged to be thrown into this Iſland by any Neutral Power, for the Support of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Troops, and Colony, will be deemed legal Prize, if taken by His Britannick Majeſty's Ships; and all Engagements with Neutral Powers for ſuch a Supply, made before the Reduction of the Iſland, being void, no Commerce for the future can be carried on but in Britiſh Bottoms.

Article XXIII. M. Le Vaſſor Delatouche ſhall be allowed five of the Inhabitants, whom he ſhall cauſe to be put on board ſuch of the Veſſels as are to tranſport his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Troops. His Reaſons for this Demand, are, that it imports all the Powers not to grant any Protection to any one who breaks through the Allegiance and Fidelity a Subject owes to his King.

Article XXIII. Cannot be allowed, as we have already granted them His Britannick Majeſty's Protection.

Article XXIV. M. Delareviere, Intendant, and M. Guignard, Commiſſary Comptroller of the Marine, in this Iſland, ſhall be allowed Time ſufficient to ſettle all the Parts of their reſpective Adminiſtration, and to do whatever is abſolutely neceſſary in that reſpect. A Ship, with Proviſions, ſhall afterwards be furniſhed, at the Expence of His Britannick Majeſty, in order to convey to the Grenades the ſaid Intendant, his Wife, Children, Secretaries, and Servants, with all their Effects: The ſaid Commiſſary Comptroller of the Marine ſhall go on board the ſame Ship, and ſhall be conveyed to the ſame Iſland.

Article XXIV. Granted; afterwards to be ſent to France.

Article XXV. The Perſons employed in the Adminiſtration of the Domaine of the Marine, the Claſſes and the Finances of this Iſland, who ſhall be willing to return to France, ſhall be tranſported thither, with their Effects, in the Veſſels, and at the Charge of His Britannick Majeſty.

Article XXV. Granted.

Article XXVI. The Publick Records ſhall be again forthwith depoſited in their proper Places, and the Governor for His Britannick Majeſty ſhall grant all Protection in this reſpect.

Article XXVI. They muſt be delivered to ſuch Perſons as the General ſhall appoint to receive them.

Article XXVII. With regard to any Papers of Accounts, they ſhall be again put into the Hands of the proper Accomptants, that they may be enabled to proceed to the rendering of their Accounts, and to vouch them by ſuch Pieces as are neceſſary for their Diſcharge.

Article XXVII. Granted.

Article XXVIII. The Inhabitants, Merchants, and other private Perſons, reſident or not, ſhall have Leave to go to St. Domingo or to Louiſiana, with their Negroes and Effects in Cartel Ships, at their own Expence.

Article XXVIII. Granted.

Article XXIX. If any of the Grenadier Soldiers ſhall have a Mind to remain in the Iſland, or to make their Eſcape, a Protection and Guard ſhall be granted to prevent their Deſerting, and what remains of the ſaid Grenadiers ſhall be embarked compleat.

Article XXIX. Granted, except in particular Caſes.

Article XXX. The Merchant Ships belonging to French Traders in Europe, which are, at this Time, in the Harbours and Roads of this Iſland, ſhall be preſerved to their true Proprietors, with the Liberty of ſelling them, or of clearing them for France in Ballaſt.

At Martinico, February 13, 1762.

Le Vaſſor Delatouche.

Article XXX. Refuſed to all Privateers and Ships trading to diſtant Ports. Granted to ſuch as trade to and from the different Ports of this Iſland.

Done at Fort Royal, in the Iſland of Martinico, this 13th Day of February, 1762.

G. B. Rodney.

Robt. Monckton.

A Return

A Return of the Guns, Mortars, Shot, Shells, Powder, and Ordnance Stores, taken at the several Batteries and Magazines on the Heights and Town of St Peter's in Martinico, February 18, 1762.

Species of Stores.		At Ten Batteries and Magazines in the Town of St. Peter's.	At Three Batteries and Magazines at the Reduit.	At Nine Batteries and Magazines on the Heights above the Town.	At Twelve Batteries and Magazines at the South End of the Town.	At Eight Batteries and Magazines at the North End of the Town.	Total.
Iron Ordnance	26 Pounders	4					4
	24 Ditto	10			6		16
	18 Ditto	11	4	7	11	7	40
	12 Ditto				6	10	16
	8 Ditto		2		1	4	7
	6 Ditto	9	6	3	15		33
	4 Ditto	2	2	9	4		17
	3 Ditto	1	12	18	4		35
	2 Ditto		3	2			5
Brafs Mortars	13 Inch				1		1
	9½ Ditto	2			1		3
Powder	Barrels	70½	140	30	49	42	331½
Round Shot	26 Pounders	500					500
	24 Ditto	1500			1353		2853
	18 Ditto	2200	500	1200	658	720	5278
	12 Ditto				550	682	1232
	8 Ditto		300		30	170	500
	6 Ditto	545	700	250	302	398	2195
	4 Ditto	2400		800	470	550	3220
	3 Ditto		500	850	50		1400
	2 Ditto	100	200				300
Shells, Empty,	13 Inch				2		2
Shells, Empty,	9½ Inch	155	40		206		401
Shells, Filled,	9½ Inch	45			25		70
Carcaffes fixed	9½ Inch	72			30		102
Muſquet Ball	Cwt.	1	150	1½			152½
Muſquet Cartridges		22000	40000	39500		9100	110600
Fuzees	13 Inch				220		220
	9½ Inch				200		200
Petarraroes				5			5
Spunges with Staves	26 Pounders	6					6
	24 Ditto	17			8		25
	18 Ditto	15	4	9	3	12	43
	12 Ditto				10	20	30
	8 Ditto		2		1	3	6
	6 Ditto	16	9	7	10	2	44
	4 Ditto	1	2	13	9		25
	3 Ditto		12	7			19
	2 Ditto		3	2			5
Ladles with Staves	26 Pounders	4					4
	24 Ditto	6			3		9
	18 Ditto	6	4	3	5	5	23
	12 Ditto				4	11	15
	8 Ditto		2		1	3	6
	6 Ditto	3	9	2	5	1	20
	4 Ditto	2	2	5	3		12
	3 Ditto		8	2			10
	2 Ditto		3	4			7
Handſpikes		169	30	63	108	43	413
Paper Reams Fine			42				42
Paper Reams Cartridge			11	1			12
Tarred Rope, Small, Coils,			12				12

Species of Stores.		At Ten Batteries and Magazines in the Town of St. Peter's.	At Three Batteries and Magazines at the Reduit.	At Nine Batteries and Magazines on the Heights above the Town.	At Twelve Batteries and Magazines at the South End of the Town.	At Eight Batteries and Magazines at the North End of the Town.	Total.
Muſquet Flints		500	15000				15500
Paper Cartridges empty	24 Pounders	600			800		1400
	26 Ditto	425					425
	18 Ditto	700		500	326	525	2051
	12 Ditto				270	97	367
	8 Ditto			400	8	68	476
	6 Ditto			300	356	650	1306
	4 Ditto			350	240		590
	3 Ditto			150			150
Paper Cartridges filled	24 Pounders	110			40		150
	18 Ditto	159		114	155	106	434
	12 Ditto				150	45	195
	8 Ditto				30	26	56
	6 Ditto				21		21
	4 Ditto	37		120			157
	3 Ditto			10			10
Double headed Shot	6 Pounders	100			120		220
	4 Ditto	195					195
Spare ſtanding Carriages	26 Pounders	1					1
	24 Ditto	1					1
	18 Ditto					1	1
	12 Ditto				2	4	6
	6 Ditto	3					3
Langrage Shot in Bags	26 Pounders	80					80
	24 Ditto	225			140		365
	18 Ditto	220	25	100	188	158	691
	12 Ditto				66	192	258
	8 Ditto					50	50
	6 Ditto	40			56		96
	4 Ditto			100	30		130
Muſquets of different Sorts		704	21				725
Match	Cwt.	$1\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Linſtocks		19		2	13	10	44
Powder Horns		27		21	29	26	103
Priming Irons		27		10	40	24	101
Tin Powder Meaſures, different Sorts		13	10	5	6	8	42
Hammers for Vents			3				3
Double Wood Blocks, ſtrapp'd			17				17
Suit, Small Barrels			3				3
Old Sails			2				2
Oil for painting Carriages,	Jars		8				8
Spades and Shovels			50				50
Sheet Lead	Cwt.		5				5
Lanthorns			3	1	1		5
Empty Flannel Cartridges	18 Pound.		450				450
	6 Ditto.		400				400
Spunge Tacks			2000				2000

Species of Stores.	At Ten Batteries and Magazines, at the Town of St. Peter's.	At Three Batteries and Magazines at the Reduit.	At Nine Batteries and Magazines at the Heights above the Town.	At Twelve Batteries and Magazines at the South End of the Town.	At Eight Batteries and Magazines at the North End of the Town.	Total.
Wads of different Sorts	700	500	300	1000	200	3000
Iron Crows	3				5	8
Spare Ramrods for Muſkets, Wood		400				400
Truck Carrriages for carrying Mortars	2					2
Truck Wheels, Spare	22				24	46
Furnaces for heating Shot	2					2
Triangle Gyns			1	2		3
Small Iron Ball for Grape — Cwt.		1½	2			3½
Mortar Beds, Spare — 9½ Inch.				1		1
Sledge Hammers				2		2
Stink Pots				60		60
Muſquetoons	45					45
Piſtols	30					30

George Lewis, Captain-Lieutenant of the Royal Artillery.

Admiralty Office, April 1, 1762.

Extract of a Letter from Rear Admiral Rodney to Mr. Clevland, dated St. Pierre's Road, Martinico, February 28, 1762.

SINCE my Diſpatches of the 10th Inſtant, by Captain Darby, acquainting their Lordſhips with the Surrender of Fort Royal, and the Capitulation of the greateſt Part of the Inhabitants, I have the additional Pleaſure to congratulate their Lordſhips on the Conqueſt of the whole Iſland of Martinico; M. Delatouche having thought proper to ſend his Brother on Board the Marlborough, with Articles of Capitulation, juſt in Time to ſave the Town of St. Pierre from Deſtruction; a Copy of which Capitulation I have the Honor to incloſe.

As this great Iſland is now entirely ſubjected to His Majeſty's Obedience, I can only repeat, in this Public Manner, my intire Approbation of the Conduct of all the Officers and Seamen of that Part of His Majeſty's Fleet, which I have the Honor to command, all having exerted themſelves in their proper Stations, with an Order and Reſolution becoming Britiſh Seamen.

Immediately on the Surrender of St. Pierre's, I diſpatched Commodore Swanton, with a Squadron of His Majeſty's Ships, to join thoſe already before the Iſland of Granade, and block up that Port as cloſe as poſſible: The Iſlands of St. Vincent and St. Lucie are likewiſe very cloſely blockaded; and I make not the leaſt Doubt, but that all the Caribbee Iſlands will, in a very ſhort Time, be ſubjected to His Majeſty.

On the 4th Inſtant Captain Ourry, of His Majeſty's Ship the Actæon, cruizing of Tobago, fell in with and took a large Spaniſh Regiſter Ship, laden with Cannon, Powder, Small Arms, and Ordnance Stores, bound to Laquira.

Copy of a Letter from Rear Admiral Rodney to Mr. Clevland, dated St. Pierre's Road, Martinico, March 1, 1762.

I Have this Moment received an Expreſs from Captain Hervey, that the Iſland of St. Lucie is ſurrendred at Diſcretion.

Printed by *E. Owen* and *T. Harriſon* in *Warwick-Lane*, 1762.